

Pantry Moths



What are pantry moths?

Also known as weevils, Indian Meal Moths or Kitchen Moths, pantry moths are small moths commonly found in grains.

How do they get into the food?

Pantry moths are usually brought into the home via food purchased. Grains are not their exclusive food source, they can also be found in biscuits, cereal, seeds, pet food, dried fruit,

nuts, chocolate, sweets, bird seed, rodent baits and other dried foods.

Life cycle & appearance of the pantry moth:

The pantry moth has three life cycles. Firstly the female lays her eggs close to a source of food. These eggs hatch into larvae approximately 4-8 days. These larvae are approximately 5mm long, grey/cream coloured & similar looking to maggots. Larvae mature in around 3 weeks. Adult pantry moths are around 10mm in length with brown/grey coloured wings.

How do I know if I have pantry moths?

Larvae leave a silky mat in areas they eat food, you may notice this silky thread in your cupboards or around food containers, in food etc.

You may notice the small larvae in your food.

You may see the moths in your home. Especially around kitchens although it should be noted that pantry moths can also infest other areas of the home too.

Preventing pantry moths:

Prevention is certainly the preferred method in keeping these pests at bay.

When bringing home food, place it in the freezer for a few days to kill any eggs/larvae already in the food.

Once you remove the food from the freezer, store in airtight containers with a tight fitting lid. Add some bay leaves to the container with the food. Also place some bay leaves on the shelves in your pantry.

Regularly rotate food & don't leave it sitting around for too long.

Carefully examine food packages prior to buying. Don't buy broken packaging.

Buy less frequently used products in small quantities so that it is not sitting around for a long time. If you do have food in your pantry that you will not get through quickly, store it in the fridge or freezer.

You can purchase pheromone traps from the supermarket which have a pheromone insert & a sticky surface. The pheromone insert attracts the male moths which then become stuck on the trap. If you notice any moths, inspect all packages for signs of infestation.

Avoid leaving any food around which may be eaten by the moths. Ensure kitchen appliances are kept clean & free of food debris.

Dealing with a pantry moth infestation:

Throw away all packaged food, even if it hasn't been opened & remove everything else stored in the cupboard.

Remove all shelves & thoroughly wipe down all surfaces with a vinegar solution. Carefully check & wipe down all nooks & crannies.

Once wiped down, vacuum the area thoroughly. Throw out the vacuum cleaner bag afterwards.

Move & clean in, under & behind any kitchen appliances which may have food residue such as your toaster, oven, dishwasher & fridge.



Moth Larvae



Moth